## STATE OF MAINE COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS AND ELECTION PRACTICES

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## EXPENDITURE GUIDELINES FOR 2006 MAINE CLEAN ELECTION ACT CANDIDATES

Candidates must spend all Maine Clean Election Act (MCEA) funds for campaign-related purposes and not for other purposes such as the candidate's personal benefit, party-building, or to promote another candidate's campaign.

- Expenditures for "campaign-related purposes" are those which are traditionally accepted as necessary to promote the election of a candidate to political office. Candidates using MCEA funds must also take into account the public nature of the funds, the underlying objectives of the MCEA, and the reasonableness of the expenditures under the circumstances. In Maine, traditional campaign expenses have included:
  - Printing and mailing costs;
  - Political advertising expenses;
  - Campaign communications such as signs, bumper stickers, T-shirts, or caps with campaign slogans, etc.;
  - · Office supplies;
  - Campaign events (e.g., food, rent of tent or hall, etc.);
  - Campaign staff expenses; and
  - Campaign travel expenses, such as fuel and tolls.
- MCEA funds may not be spent on personal expenses. Those expenses are for goods and services that the candidate would otherwise purchase independently of the campaign, such as:
  - Day-to-day household food items and supplies;
  - Vehicle and transportation expenses unrelated to the campaign;
  - Mortgage, rent, or utility payments for the candidate's personal residence, even if part of the residence is being used by the campaign; and
  - Clothing, including attire for political functions such as business suits or shoes.
- Maine Clean Election Act funds may not be spent to:
  - make independent expenditures supporting or opposing any candidate, ballot measure, or political committee;
  - assist in any way the campaign of any candidate other than the candidate for whom the funds were originally designated;
  - contribute to another candidate, a political committee, or a party committee, other than in exchange for goods and services;
  - pay a consultant, vendor, or campaign staff, other than in exchange for campaign goods or services;
  - · compensate the candidate for services provided by the candidate;
  - pay an entry fee for an event organized by a party committee, charity, or community organization or to place an ad in an event publication, unless the expenditure benefits the candidate's campaign;
  - make a donation to a charity or a community organization, other than in exchange for campaign goods or services;
  - promote political or social positions or causes other than the candidate's campaign;

- pay civil penalties, fines, or forfeitures to the Commission, or defend the candidate in enforcement proceedings brought by the Commission; or
- assist the candidate in a recount of an election.

## ■ Guidelines on Selected Issues

- Electronics and Other Personal Property. Goods purchased with MCEA funds that could be converted to personal use after the campaign (e.g., computers, fax machines, and cellular telephones) must be reported on Schedule E of the candidate reporting form. No later than 42 days after the general election, the goods must be sold at fair market value and the proceeds returned to the Maine Clean Election Fund. Candidates are welcome to lease electronic and other equipment.
- Food. Candidates may spend a reasonable amount of MCEA funds on food for campaign events or to feed volunteers while they are working. Legislative candidates should not use MCEA funds to purchase food that is consumed only by the candidate and/or the candidate's spouse. Gubernatorial candidates may use MCEA funds to purchase meals for the candidate and/or candidate's spouse if associated with travel for campaign purposes.
- Vehicle Travel. Candidates may elect to have the campaign reimburse themselves for vehicle travel at the reimbursement rate that is applicable to state government employees or for amounts actually paid for fuel and repairs (pro-rated to reflect only campaign-related usage). Candidates should keep a record for each trip that includes: date of travel, number of miles traveled, origination, destination, and purpose of travel.
- Lodging. Candidates may use MCEA funds to pay for lodging if necessary for campaign purposes, but must keep lodging expenses reasonable.
- Post-Election Notes and Parties. Candidates may spend up to the following maximum amounts of MCEA funds on post-election parties, thank you notes, or advertising to thank supporters or voters: \$250 for State Representative candidates, \$500 for State Senate candidates, \$2,500 for gubernatorial candidates. Candidates may also use personal funds for these purposes.
- Campaign Training. Candidates may use Maine Clean Election Act funds for tuition or registration costs to receive training on campaigning or policy issues.
- Salary and Compensation. Candidates may use MCEA funds to pay for campaignrelated services by staff or consultants, provided that compensation is made at or below
  fair market value and sufficient records are maintained to show what services were
  received. The Commission recommends keeping a record that shows how many hours
  of services were provided by the staff member or consultant each month, and a
  description of services provided that month.

## ■ Enforcement

The Commission reviews all expenditures disclosed by MCEA candidates in campaign
finance reports, and frequently requests additional information from candidates to verify
that public funds were spent for campaign-related purposes. Candidates who misuse
public funds may be required to repay some or all public funds received, may be liable
for civil penalties, and may be referred to the State Attorney General for possible criminal
prosecution.